

# A0750 AC-DC POVVER MODULE AC Input: 85V to 264V, Single-DC Output: 24V to 28V, 750W



- High power density, 7.7W / in<sup>3</sup>
- Net Weight:< 2.2 KG</p>
- □ Low profile: 40.8mm (fit 1U 19" shelf − R2250 series)
- ☐ Efficiency: 77% ~ 86 % typical
- ☐ Power factor correction (meet IEC1000-3-2 requirements)
- Overvoltage & overcurrent protection
- Overtemperature warning & protection
- Redundant parallel operation -up to 12 units.
- □ Remote On/Off and Remote sense
- Active load sharing
- □ Hot insertion/removal (Hot Swap)
- Power fail warning and fault alarm
- □ Low start-up temperature: 30°C
- □ I<sup>2</sup>C for voltage, current, temperature report & Power Supply ID.
- □ Front panel LED indicators
- 400Hz input available (with wattage derating)
- Meet UL60950, EN60950 and CE mark requirements.

The Powerstax A0750 series of front-ends power modules is specifically designed to operate as an integral part of a complete distributed power system, with or without battery backup.

A full complement of protection, alarm and control features has been incorporated into the power unit to provide the versatility of applications.

When up to 3 x A0750 are used with the 1U high R2250 19" rack, a total 2,250W (or 1,500W of N+1) of 24VDC or 28VDC output can provide a low profile, flexible and scalable solution.

The flexible feature set makes this front-end power module an excellent choice for applications requiring modular AC-to-DC power systems such as distributed power and DC UPS.

## Applications

- √ Advanced workstations
- ✓ Telecom / Datacom equipment
- ✓ Midrange computers
- ✓ Mainframes
- √ File servers
- ✓ LAN/WAN applications
- ✓ Mass storage













Input Specification
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Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Input voltage	85	-	264	Vac	
Input Frequency	47	-	63	Hz	400Hz available with safety approvals. Consult APC for details
Inrush Current (peak)	-	-	50	А	≥ 50% of full load
Power Factor	0.95	0.99	-	-	
Inoutr Leakage Current	-	-	1.7	mA	264Vac, 50Hz
Lighting Surge & Transients (damage free operation)	-	-	-	-	1) IEC1000-4-5 Level 3 2) IEC1000-4-4 Level 3
Hold Up Time	20	-	-	mS	At 24V, 600W
EMC (conducted)	-	-	-	-	CISPR22 Class B, EN55022 Class B, with 3dB margin



Active power factor correction circuitry ensures that this power supply meets requirements of IEC 1000-3-2

## Efficiency and Power Factor vs. Input Voltage at full load

Input voltage	Efficiency (Typical)	Power Factor (Typical)
90Vac	83%	0.99
100Vac	84%	0.99
120Vac	85%	0.99
160Vac	85%	0.98
190Vac	86%	0.98
220Vac	86%	0.98
240Vac	87%	0.98
264Vac	88%	0.98

#### Notes:

When using this table to calculate line cord requirements, allow, at a minimum, an extra 3% for variations between units. Actual measured results will depend upon the harmonic content of the input voltage waveform.



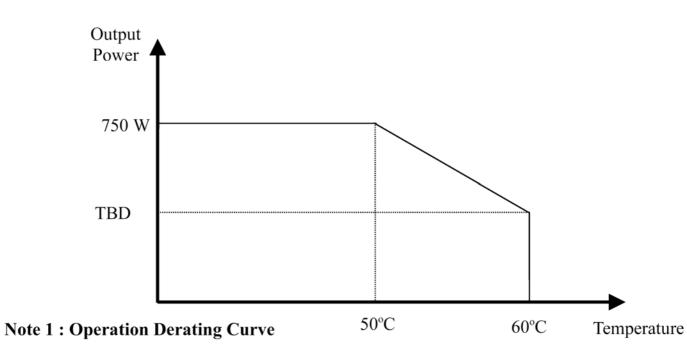


Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Vo set point:					
Powerstax A0750	-	24.0	-	.,,	
	-	28.0	-	Vdc	
Regulation (line, load, temperature & set point)	-2.0	-	2.0	%	Measured at remote sense
Remote-sense Drop	-	-	0.5	Vdc	
lo (rated)					
Powerstax A0750 (24Vo)	0	-	31.25	Ada	750W maximum
Powerstax A0750 (28Vo)	0	-	26.78	Adc	750W maximum
Ripple (20MHz bandwidth)	-	-	150	mVp-p	
Noise (20MHz bandwidth)			300	mVp-p	Under any load conditions
Transmission Noise (C message)	-	-	45	dBrnc	
Output Rise Time	10	-	100	mS	Rise from 10% to 90% of final output level (resitive load)
Overvoltage Protection	29	-	32	Vdc	Reset by cycling ac input, On/Off, or reinsertion
Output Current Limit (Steady state)	-	-	40A	Adc	
Transient Response					25% step load transient with slew rate
Voltage Range	-2.0	-	2.0	%	0.1A/us within the range from 25% to 75% of full load.
Active Current Sharing Differential	-	-	±3.2	А	Single-wire current share at full load
	80	81	-	%	At full load, 120Vac with Oring diode
Efficiency					
	83.5	84	-	%	At full load, 264 Vac with Oring diode
Reserve Output Current Protection	-	-	-	-	Oring diode
Start-Up delay	-	1.3	2	s	Measured from application of valid ac voltage
Turn-On delay	-	-	250	ms	Measured from DC on/off





Environmental Characteristic	S. C.				
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	-40	-	85	°C	
Operating Temperature (note 1)	0	-	60	°C	Derating (TBD)
Acoustics	-	47	52	dBA	ISO 7779 SPL
Humidity (non-condensing)	5	-	95	%	
Altitude	-200	-	13,000	Feet	Derated at 2°C/1000 ft. above 8000 ft.
ESD	-	-	-	-	IEC1000-4-2 Level 3 stand-alone
	3,000VAC				Primary to Secondary
Isolation Voltage	1,500VAC				Primary to chassis GND
	500VAC				Secondary to chassis GND
MTBF	4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	-	-	hours	@110V Input 80% load, T <sub>A</sub> = 30°C
Vibration					Meet IEC68-2-6
Shock					Meet IEC68-2-36
Weight	_	2.2	_	Kg	



## A0750 AC-DC POWER MODULE AC Input 85V to 264V. Single DC Output: 24V to 28V, 750W

#### **Product Specification**





#### Input Voltage

The product can be used with any standard global line voltage; consult Powerstax for any particular regional application concerns.

#### Input / Output Connector

The input / output connector is PCIB24W9M400A1 / Postronic, with 9 power pins and 15 signal pins. 3 out of the 9 power pins are for the AC input.

#### Connector Pin Assignment - view into rear of power unit

Please refer to "Definition of Terms " for detailed description for each pin

1	3	5	7	10	13	16	19		23	
\ \.	\ \/.	\/.	ON/OFF	RS-	CS	OTP	DC FAIL		LINE	
V+	V+	V+		1.1	1.4	17	20		LINE	
			8	11	Signal	1 /	20			
2	4	6	N.C.	SDA	RTN	A2	A1	22		24
V-	V-	V-	9	12	15	18	21	FG		Neutral
V-	V-	V-	RS+	SCL	A3	A0	INT. BUS	FG		Neuliai







Function	Command Code		Unit		
Temperature	0x08	Read	Word	No PEC	° K
Voltage	0x09	Read	Word	No PEC	mV
Current	0x0A	Read	Word	No PEC	mA
Manufacture Date*2	0x1B	Read	Word	No PEC	
Serial number	0x22	Read	Word	No PEC	
Manufacturer Name	0x20	Read	Block*3	No PEC	
Device Name	0x21	Read	Block*3	No PEC	
Manufacture Data (Version)	0x23	Read	Block*3	No PEC	

1. Reference: System management bus specification v1.1

2. The date is packed in the following fashion:

(Year - 1980) \* 512 + Month \* 32 + Day = data byte high: data byte low

Field	Data byte	Allow value
Day	Bit 0~4	1 - 31 (corresponds to date)
Month	Bit 5~8	1 - 12 (corresponds to month number)
Year	Bit 9~15	0 - 127 (corresponds to year biased by 1980)

Example: 2001/11/29 = 101011011111101 (bin) = 2B7D (hex)

Where 2B(hex) is data byte high, 7D(hex) is data byte low.

3.Read block data byte 1~N is in ASCII code, where N is the value of byte count.

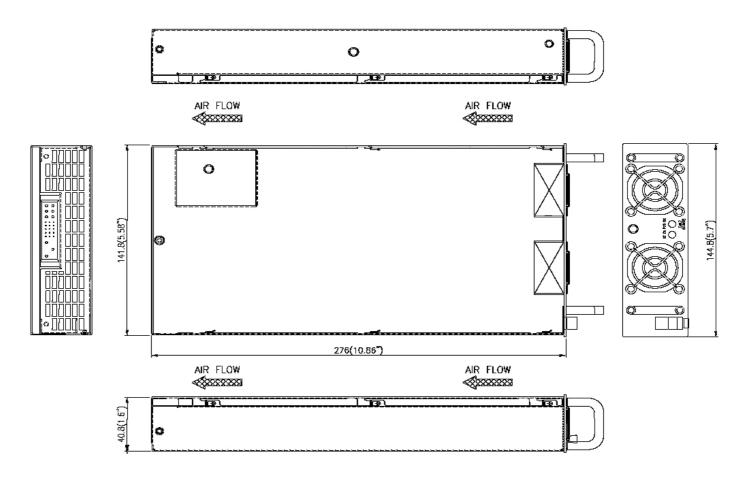
#### Address Definition

	Shelf	P.S. No.	Address	A3	A2	A1	A0
		1	0x00	0	0	0	0
	1	2	0x02	0	0	0	1
		3	0x04	0	0	1	0
		4	0x20	0	1	0	0
	2	5	0x22	0	1	0	1
RACK		6	0x24	0	1	1	0
		7	0x40	1	0	0	0
	3	8	0x42	1	0	0	1
		9	0x44	1	0	1	0
		10	0x10 1 1 0	0	0		
	4	11	0x12	1	1	0	1
		12	0x14	1	1	1	0

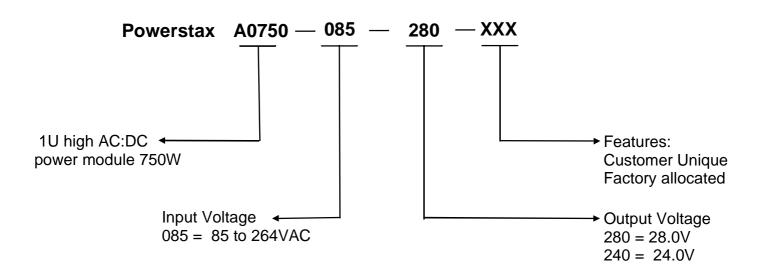




## Mechanical Outline



### Model Reference Guide









#### **AC Line Discrimination**

The unit senses the input line range at power up and shuts the unit down if the input drops below the line range for a specified period of time.

#### **Current Monitor**

The output current could be reported through the I2C bus.

#### Front Panel LEDs

LED 1 -- AC OK (green): Input voltage OK

**LED 2** -- Output OK (green): The unit is powered up and operating normally

or

Output fail (amber): The unit has detected an internal fault.

#### **Input Overcurrent Protection**

An internal fuse is provided for input protection in compliance with safety agency requirements.

#### **Current Share Bus (CS)**

A single-wire interface between each of the power units forces them to share the load current equally.

#### **Overcurrent Protection**

In the event of an overload condition, the power supply limits the output current.

#### **Overvoltage Protection**

The power unit turns itself off before the output voltage reaches the OVP threshold.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Bus Interface support

The power unit provides I<sup>2</sup>C serial bus interface to receive/transmit data

**SCL:** Clock signal input for I<sup>2</sup>C functionality.

SDA: Data signal I/O for I2C functionality.

A0~A3: Address pin for I2C address Bit 0~3.

#### **ORing Diode**

A diode at the output of the power unit protects the DC bus during a power supply failure or hot plugging of the power unit.

#### **Overtemperature Protection**

In the event of an overtemperature condition, the power unit protects itself by shutting off, restarts automatically after cooling down.

#### Remote Sense (RS+, RS-)

These signals permit the power units to compensate for a voltage drop across the output distribution.

#### On/Off

This is an input signal referenced to the negative output. Shorting this signal to the negative output will turn on the power unit.

#### Status Signals

The following are the optically isolated open-collector signals:

**DC FAIL:** This signal indicates the output fail. It becomes low with a turn on delay of 100 to 500mS afterthe output voltage reaches in the regulation window. It will go to a high level at least 1mS before output voltage runs out of regulation window.

**OTP**: This signal indicates fan fail or over temperature. It becomes low with a turn on delay of 100 to 500mS after the output voltage reaches in the regulation window. It will go to a high level 200mS before the unit shuts down if a fan fail or over temperature is sensed.

The logic low level is lower than 0.6V with the sink current of the photo-transistor less than 1mA.

#### INT. bus

Intermediate DC bus. It is a DC output from the power module for shelf internal usage. There is a reserved slot for a DC-DC converter on the back plane of the power shelf. The DC-DC may transfer DC bus voltage to a standby DC output that may be customized upon request.